

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.]

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1806.

[No. 1744.]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion, and the prices of which are established,
cannot any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,
The substantial and fast
sailing Ship

LEONIDAS,

Carries about five hundred hog-
heads, not two years old, now
ready to receive a cargo. For
terms apply to Captain R. M. Kenzie, at Gads-
by's Hotel, or to

James Patton.

October 2. d
Wanted Immediately,
TWENTY stout, able bodied labourers, to
be hired by the month, to work on the road
between Alexandria and Washington.

Apply to
Andrew Scholfield.

September 27. d
Just Received,
By the schooner Betsey, and
FOR SALE,

15,000 lbs. COFFEE,
50 barrels and tierces of SUGAR, and
5 tons of LOGWOOD.

E. JANNEY.

I wish to Rent,

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,
on the west side of Fairfax street, nearly
opposite to Rickett and Newton's. It
will accommodate a family, and a four and
grocery store. There is a shed sufficient to
hold 4,000 lbs. flour.

E. J.

September 2. d
Wanted to Purchase,
A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north
end of the town, to bind on the river or
nearby so.

Apply to the Printer.

September 25. d
WANTED,
In a Wholesale Store,

A YOUTH about 15 years old, of respect-
able connections, and possessing an ac-
tive and pleasant disposition.

Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 1. d
Wants a Situation in Business,
A YOUNG MAN, of respectable connec-
tions, who writes a good hand. For further par-
ticulars

Enquire of the Printer.

July 10. d
WANTED TO PURCHASE,
A NEGRO MAN, steady and honest, and
accustomed to horses.

Apply to the Printer.

July 30. d
FOR SALE,
A STOUT able bodied NEGRO MAN,
about 26 or 27 years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

July 30. d
Fresh Teas,
Of a superior quality, in small lead canis-
ters, and by the pound—
Just received and for Sale, by

TUNIS CRAVEN.

TANNERS OIL,
15 bbls. brown Tanners Oil,
Just received and for Sale by

DAVEY & MILLS.

October 20. d
WANTED TO PURCHASE,
100 bbls. Maryland Tobacco.

WILLIAM HODGSON.

Oct. 18. d
FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms,
The large commodious well-built three
story BRICK WAREHOUSE on King-street—
occupied by Messrs. Richard Vetch & Co.—
Apply to

James Patton.

October 20. d
neale, c. c.
BY W. DEN.

A MILLER WANTED.

One who can come well recommended will
find employment by applying to the subscriber
in Alexandria.
E. JANNEY.
9th mo. 29th, 1806.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

27 hogsheads Jamaica rum, 4th proof
20 do. St. Croix do. 3d do.
10 do. N. Eng. do.
10 pipes Holland gin.
4 do. American do. of superior qual.
2 do. L. P. Madeira wine } of excellent
2 do. L. M. do. do. } quality war-
4 quarter casks do. do. } ranted pure.
5 do. Marcellis wine
20 bbls. prime beef—Connecticut inspec.
30 do. prime pork—New Jersey do.
10 boxes mould candles
25 do. English white soap—very dry
2 chests hyson-skin tea
300 bushels St. Ubes salt.

Wadsworth and Butler,

Union, between King and Prince-street.

October 18.

Sale at Auction.

On MONDAY, the third day of November,
will be sold, at public auction, at the house
of his Britannic majesty's envoy extraordi-
nary and minister plenipotentiary to the U-
nited States, in the city of Washington, all
his

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

CONSISTING OF
ELEGANT mahogany Bedsteads, Chairs,
Tables, Sofas, elegant Brussels's Carpet-
ing, a great deal of which is new, Curtains,
Beds, Mattresses and Bed Furniture, all finish-
ed in the newest fashion, some elegant Barb
Stoves, two English Carriages, with Harness
for four horses, finished in the newest fashion,
and other articles of Sadlery—Also, a quanti-
ty of elegant cut and plain Glass, a large
quantity of empty Porters, and Stone Bottles,
Garden Utensils of all kinds, and, eventually,
several dozen of English Brown Stout, Ale,
and Wines of different kind, and Liquors.

The sale to commence at 11 o'clock in the
forenoon, if fair, if not the next fair day, and
to continue from day to day till all is sold—
Terms made known at time and place of sale.

October 18. d

PUBLIC SALE.

Pursuant to the order of the Honorable M-
chael Fitzhugh, will be sold at vendue, on
the 6th day of November next, by Philip
G. Marsteller, vendue-master,

A variety of Dry Goods,

[All the Stock in Trade of WM. ORLEY]

CONSISTING OF
FINE and coarse cloths; cassimeres;
blankets; mens and womens worsted
stockings; mens and womens cotton stock-
ings; dimities; muslins; a great variety of
stuffs; chintzes; calicoes; silks, &c. &c.—
which were given up by William Orley, an
insolvent debtor, for the benefit of his credi-
tors.

The above goods will be sold on a long cre-
dit for approved indorsed negotiable notes.—
Terms will be made known previous to the
sale.

Thomas Swann, Trustee
for William Orley, an insolvent debtor.

October 11.—(14) d

Notice is hereby given,
That I have been duly appointed Trustee of
the estate and effects of William Orley, an in-
solvent debtor, and that all persons indebted
to the said William Orley, are to make their
payments to me.

Thomas Swann.
October 14. d

Just Received,
20 casks Young Hyson Tea, of the latest
importation—entitled to drawback.

13 casks Alogue Wine.
For sale by

John G. Ladd.
October 21. d

Freight wanted
For the fine Brig

RISEING STATES,
Burthen 650 barrels—For the
West-Indies or Charleston would be prefer-
red. Please apply to Capt. John Jencks, mas-
ter, on board or

John G. Ladd.
October 21. d

FOR SALE,

A young NEGRO WOMAN, with her
first child, a male of six months old. She is
a good house servant, and sold for no fault—
Two girls, each about nine years old, accus-
tomed to living in the family and very handy.
Also a boy of ten years old, of good disposi-
tion.

Apply to the Printer.

October 29. d12t

CAUTION.

THE public are warned not to re-
ceive a POST NOTE of the Alexandria
Bank, No. 8620, for \$200, drawn on the 30th
of August last, in favor of Baldwin M. Lee,
which was dropt in Baltimore on or about the
16th current, and which was not indorsed. A
reward of Fifty Dollars will be paid on deli-
vering it to A. & R. Boughan, Baltimore, or
James Patton,
Alexandria.
dlw

October 28.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his store to
the warehouse lately occupied by Mr.
Gore, two doors below Mr. Davey Davey's,
where he intends to keep an assortment of the
Choicest Groceries.

He has at present on hand, of a quality that
can recommend, by wholesale or retail,
Muscovado and loaf sugar; Guadeloupe and
St. Domingo coffee; young hyson and impe-
rial teas, choice Rhode-Island cheeses, genu-
ine Spanish Segars of first quality, chocolate,
mould and dip candles, spinning cotton, wrap-
ping paper, molasses, fine and coarse salt in
bulk and sacks, Boston rum, peach brandy,
whiskey, &c. &c.
He has at present, and expects to keep supplied
with,

D. Carlises flour, of superior manufacture,
for family use, and fresh butter from the coun-
try.

October 20. d
M. B. Business in the Brokerage Line done
as usual.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust fromaniel
M. Carty, Esq. to the subscriber, made
for the purpose of securing the payment of a
debt due from the said Daniel M. Carty to Ro-
bert T. Hooe & Co. of Alexandria, will be
exposed to public sale on the fifteenth day of
November next, to the highest bidder, for
ready money,

A Tract or Parcel of Land.

Situated in the county of Fairfax, on the wa-
ters of Accotink, commonly called the Mount
Air Tract, containing between six and seven
hundred acres, together with the buildings and
improvements thereon—it being the tract of
land whereon the said Daniel M. Carty hath
for some time past resided. The sale will
take place at the dwelling house of the said
Daniel M. Carty, on the said premises.

Thomas Swann, Trustee.

October 9. d

The above sale is postponed
until Thursday the 23d of November,
on which day it will certainly take
place, on the terms and at the place
mentioned in the foregoing advertise-
ment.

Thomas Swann, Trustee.

October 14. d

18 hhd. SUGAR of good quality,
56 bbls. do. do.

5 pipes 4th proof Brandy
4 qr. casks Sherry Wine } of excellent
11 do. do. Malaga do. } quality.

Boxes of Cotton Cards
Sacks of Licorice Root and Sage
Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed
And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather.

For Sale by
Benjamin Shreve, Jun.

July 26. d
Clover Lots and building Lots.

I WILL RENT for a term of years, or
LEASE on ground rent for ever, a num-
ber of LOTS on Washington and Columbus
streets—some of which are well taken with
Clover.

J. H. HOOE.

M. B. I will also RENT for one or more
years, a small HOUSE, with a good GAR-
DEN, on Gibbon street.

July 28. d

WAS FOUND,

IN PITT-STREET,
A Tortoise Shell Outside Case for
a Watch. The owner may have it again by
proving property and paying charges,
Apply to the Printer.

October 31. d

NOTICE.

The Vestry of the Episcopal Church in A-
lexandria, have directed the Wardens to give
notice, that the parish being vacant, they are
desirous of engaging a CLEERGYMAN of the Pro-
testant Faith, to whom a liberal salary will be
given and the use of a glebe containing about
seven hundred acres of land within eight miles
of town.

October 30. d

JUST IMPORTED

In the brig Rebecca, from Oporto,
A few quarter casks Port Wine,
Of a superior quality, and for sale by
James Nutt & Co.

Oct. 27. At their Store on King-Street
Just received from the Havana, and for sale by
the subscriber.

A consignment of SEGARS, of
the very first quality.

A. C. CAZENOVE.
October 28. d

8000 bushels SALT,
Just received and for sale by
Wadsworth & Butler.

October 30. d

LANDED,

and for sale by
Lawson and Fowle,

75 hogsheads retining sugar
70 barrels New-England rum
6 ditto whale
2 hhd. spermaceti } OIL.
1 butt linseed

10 chests young hyson } TEAS,
2 do. do. souchong } sup. quality,
12 bales Beerboon gurrahs
50 boxes cod fish

10 quintals Isle Sheol dumb do. for family
use

30 kegs butter
15 do. pickled salmon
20 boxes soap
30 do. chocolate
160 tons plaster Paris.

IN STORE,
40 puncheons 4th and 5th proof Jamaica
rum

2 pipes Holland Gin
Madeira Wine
Retaining molasses
10 chests imperial, } TEAS.
10 do. young hyson }
5 bales Beerboon Gurrahs
50 boxes dip candles

60 do. chocolate
8 do. fig blue
50 half boxes brown soap
4 cases cotton and wool cards
7 casks 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails & brads
8 tons sheet lead
50 bolts heavy ravens duck
Havana Segars
No. 1 beef
A quantity of mens coarse and fine shoes

50 casks F and FF Bellona Gun-
powder.

October 30. d

NEW BREWERY.

THE public are informed that the sub-
scribers having commenced Brewing
will have

BEER
ready for delivering in a few days. GRAINS
may now be had at the Brewhouse at the cor-
ner of Union and Wolfe streets.

Isaac Entwistle & Co.
M. B. YEAST may be had in a few days
at his house in Union street.

October 29. co6t

NOTICE.

Was taken up as a trespassing estray, in
the subscriber's pasture, on Sunday the 26th
instant, a Black Horse, about 15 hands high,
with a rope round his neck, marked with the
letters D. I. on the left shoulder, no white a-
bout him. The owner is requested to come,
prove property, pay charges, and take him a-
way.

John Gadsby.
October 27. co3t

Cash, and the highest price given
for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by
the Printer of this paper.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

Downing-street, September 4.
Copy of a dispatch received yesterday, by secretary Windham.
Camp on the plain of Maida, July 6, 1806.

SIR,
It is with the most heartfelt satisfaction that I have the honor of reporting to you, for the information of his majesty, the particulars of an action, in which the French army, quartered in this province, have sustained a signal defeat by the troops under my command. General Regnier, having been apprized of our disembarkation at St. Euphemia, appears to have made a rapid march from Reggio, uniting, as he advanced, his detached corps, for the purpose of attacking, and with his characteristic confidence, of defeating us. On the afternoon of the 3d inst. I received intelligence that he had that day encamped near Maida, about ten miles distant from our position; that his force consisted at the moment of about 4000 infantry and 300 cavalry, together with four pieces of artillery, and that he was in expectation of being joined within a day or two by 3000 more troops who were marching after them in a second division. I determined therefore to advance towards his position, and, having left four companies of Watteville's regiment under major Fisher to protect the stores, and occupy a work which had been thrown up at our landing place, the body of the army marched the next morning according to the following detail:

Advanced corps, lieutenant colonel Kempt, with two 4 pounders, light infantry battalion. Detachment royal Corsican rangers. Detachment royal Sicilian volunteers. 1st Brigade, brigadier general Cole, with three 4 pounders. Grenadier battalion. 27th regiment. 2d Brigade, brigadier general Ackland, with three 4 pounders. 78th regiment. 81st regiment. 3d Brigade, col. Oswald, with two 4 pounders. 58th regiment. Watteville's regiment, 5 companies. 20th regiment. Lieutenant colonel Ross, landed during the action. Reserve of artillery, major Lemoine, four 6 pounders and two howitzers. Total, rank and file, including the royal artillery, 4795.

General Regnier was encamped on the side of a woody hill, below the village of Maida, sloping into the plain of St. Euphemia; his flanks were strengthened by a thick impervious underwood. The Amato, a river perfectly fordable, but of which the sides are extremely marshy, ran along his front; my approach to him from the sea side (along the borders of which I directed my march, until I had nearly turned his left) was across a spacious plain, which gave him every opportunity of minutely observing my movements. After some loose firing of the flankers to cover the deployments of the two armies, by nine o'clock in the morning the opposing fronts were warmly engaged, when the prowess of the rival nations seemed now fairly to be at trial before the world, and the superiority was greatly and gloriously decided to be our own. The corps which formed the right of the advanced line, was the battalion of light infantry commanded by lieutenant colonel Kempt, consisting of the light companies of the 20th, 27th, 35th, 58th, 61st, 81st and Watteville's, together with 130 chosen battalion men of the 35th regiment, under major Robinson. Directly opposed to them was the favorite French regiment the 1st Legere. The two corps at the distance of about 100 yards fired reciprocally a few rounds, when, as if by mutual agreement, the firing was suspended, and in close compact order and awful silence, they advanced towards each other, until their bayonets began to cross. At this momentous crisis the enemy became appalled. They broke and endeavored to fly, but it was too late; they were overtaken with the most dreadful slaughter. Brigadier General Ackland, whose brigade was immediately on the left of the Light Infantry, with great spirit availed himself of this favorable moment to press instantly forward upon the corps in his front, the brave 74th Regiment, commanded by Lieut. Col. Macleod, and the 81st Regiment, under Major Penderleath, both distinguished themselves on this occasion. The enemy fled with dismay and disorder before them, leaving the plain covered with their dead and wounded. The enemy being thus completely discomfited on their left, began to make a new effort with their right, in the hopes of recovering the day. They were resisted most gallantly by the brigade under brigadier general Cole. Nothing could shake the undaunted firmness of the grenadiers under lieutenant colonel O'Callaghan, and

of the 27th regiment under lieutenant col. Smith. The cavalry, successively repelled from before their front, made an effort to turn their left, when lieutenant col. Ross, who had that morning landed from Messina with the 20th regiment, and was coming up to the army during the action, having observed the movement, threw his regiment opportunely into a small cover upon their flank, and by a heavy and well directed fire, entirely disconcerted this attempt. This was the last feeble struggle of the enemy, who now, astonished and dismayed by the intrepidity with which they were assailed, began precipitately to retire, leaving the field covered with carnage. Above 700 bodies of their dead have been buried upon the ground. The wounded and prisoners already in our hands (among which are general Compere, and an aid de camp, the lieutenant colonel of the Swiss regiment, and a long list of officers of different ranks) amount to above 1000. There are also above 1000 men left in Monteleone and the different posts between this and Reggio, who have mostly notified their readiness to surrender whenever a British force shall be sent to receive their submission, and to protect them from the fury of the people. The peasantry are hourly bringing in fugitives, who dispersed in the woods and mountains after the battle. In short, never has the pride of our presumptuous enemy been more severely humbled, nor the superiority of the British troops more gloriously proved, than in the events of this memorable day.

His majesty may perhaps, still deign to appreciate more highly the achievements of this little army, when it is known that the second division which the enemy were said to be expecting, had joined them the night before the action; no statement that I have heard of their numbers places them at a less calculation than 7000 men. Our victorious infantry continued the pursuit of the routed enemy so long as they were able; but as the latter dispersed in every direction, and we were under the necessity of preserving our order, the trial of speed became unequal. The total loss of the enemy occasioned by this conflict cannot be less than 4000 men. When I oppose to the above our own small comparative loss, as underneath detailed, his majesty will, I hope, discern in the fact, the happy effects of that established discipline to which we owe the triumphs by which our army has been latterly so highly distinguished.

I am now beginning my march southward, preparatory to my return to Sicily, for which station I shall re-embark with the army, as soon as his Sicilian majesty shall have arranged a disposition of his own forces to secure those advantages which have been gained by this expedition. There seldom has happened an action in which the zeal and personal exertions of individuals were so imperiously called for as in the present; seldom an occasion where a general had a fairer opportunity of observing them. The general officers and those who commanded regiments, will feel a stronger test of their merits in the circumstances which have been detailed of their conduct, than in any eulogium I could presume to pass upon them. The 58th and Watteville's regiment commanded by lieutenant colonels Johnstone and Watteville, which formed the reserve, under col. Oswald, were ably directed in their application to that essential duty. The judgment and effect with which our artillery was directed by major Lemoine, was, in our dearth of Cavalry, of most essential use; and I have a pleasure in reporting the effectual services of that valuable and distinguished corps. To the several departments of the army every acknowledgment is due; but to no officer am I bound to express them so fully, on my part, as to lieut. col. Bunbury, the deputy quarter-master-general, to whose zeal and activity, and able arrangements in the important branch of service which he directs, the army as well as myself, are under every marked obligation. From Capt. Tomlin, the acting head of the adjutant-general's department, and from my own family, I have received much active assistance. Among the latter I am to mention lieutenant colonel Moore, of the 23d light dragoons, who being in Sicily for his health at the time of our departure, solicited permission to accompany me on this expedition; he was wounded in the execution of his orders. From the medical department under the direction of Mr. Grieves, the deputy inspector, I am to acknowledge much professional attention, the more so as their labors have been greatly accumulated by the number of wounded prisoners who have become equally with our own, the subject of their care.

The scene of action was too far from the sea to enable us to derive any direct co-operation from the navy: but admiral sir

Sidney Smith, who arrived in the bay the evening before the action, had directed such a disposition of ships and gun-boats as would have greatly favored us had events obliged us so to retire. The solicitude however of every part of the navy to be of use to us, the promptitude with which the seamen hastened on shore with our supplies, their anxiety to assist our wounded, and the tenderness with which they treated them, would have been an affecting circumstance to observers even the most indifferent. To me it was particularly so. Captain Fellowes, of the Apollo, has been specially attached to this expedition by the rear-admiral; and, in very circumstance of professional service, I beg leave to mention our grateful obligations to this officer, as well as to captains Cocket and Watson, agents of transports, who acted under his orders. Captain Bulkely, my aid-de-camp, who will have the honor of presenting this letter to you, has attended me throughout the whole of the services in the Mediterranean, and will therefore give you every additional information on the subject of my present communications.

I have the honor to be, &c.

J. STUART, Major-General.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the British troops under the command of major-general sir J. Stuart, in the battle of the Plains of Euphemia, near Maida, July 4, 1806.

Total, 1 officer, 3 sergeants, 41 rank and file killed; 11 officers, 8 sergeants, 2 drummers, 261 rank and file wounded.

INTERCEPTED LETTERS.

General Berthier, Chief of the Staff, to General Regnier.

NAPLES, JULY 8.

GENERAL,

His majesty received, by M. Jamin, the details of the landing of the enemy, and of the dispositions which you had made. His majesty is extremely vexed, and still more surprised at the conduct of the troops, which has rendered your well judged dispositions unavailing. The first regiment of light infantry ought to have remembered that it had before shewn itself afraid of the English, and since that epoch they may have learned to make it fly; but the other corps had given proofs that they formerly knew how to march forward, accompanied always by victory. His majesty does not know to what this moment of shameful panic ought to be ascribed; but he flatters himself by the time you receive this letter the troops will be recovered from their delusion, or rather that they will have recollected that they are Frenchmen. His majesty desires that it may be made known to the troops, that he wishes to remain ignorant of the extent of their neglect of duty, and he looks forward to fresh details, which he hopes will prove that those you have under your command are French men.

His majesty sends 1200 men to reinforce general Verdier, with instructions, a copy of which is transmitted to you. He orders the troops to defile above Cassano, which is a central point, and in the possession of which, they will be able to direct their march wherever their presence may be necessary. His majesty expected a landing of the English at the moment when the attack was to be made on Gaeta, in order to make a diversion for raising the siege, and to cut off all Calabria by the event which has happened to you. His majesty now desires you to abandon all Hither Calabria, and consequently requires you to take a position before Catanzaro, if the enemy be not already masters of it, or of any other position you may judge more suitable for arresting his progress, preserving always a retreat by Cassano, that, under all possible events, you may be able to join our forces, in order to assume the offensive; for his majesty rather wishes that the enemy should disembark on that coast, than in the neighborhood of Naples, where the moral effect of their presence might be still more dangerous.

His majesty desires that you will send him accounts of your observations on the situation of the enemy, as often as possible. He has given orders for issuing pay and subsistence money to the troops.

I have the honor to salute you,

Monsieur General,

With the most marked consideration,

Signed,

G. BERTHIER.

General of division and chief of the Staff.

General Verdier to General Regnier.

MATERA, July 15, 1806.

GENERAL,

I HAVE withstood as well as I was able the whole rebel population of

the province, which has attacked me near Cosenza, from the 1st to the ninth current. I have received information by his majesty's aid-de-camp, Jamin, of your capture. In consequence of my ammunition being wasted, and two hundred of my troops killed or wounded, joined to the unpleasant accounts of your situation, I determined to proceed to Cassano, and wishing to avoid fighting at Castro Vulturaro and Morsano, which I knew to be in a state of insurrection, as to cover your retreat upon that point, in case you should have continued your movement in that direction. When I arrived before Cassano, I found the people in insurrection, and I had to open a passage through them, and take the town by main force, in doing which I lost many men, and exhausted all the cartridges I still had remaining. While the place was taking I had to sustain an attack sword in hand, from noon to four o'clock, P. M. We at last succeeded without fire arms, in repulsing the vast multitudes of daring peasants. I took advantage of the obscurity of the night to remove to this quarter; the only place where I can hope to procure succors in men and ammunition and to avoid the massacre of my troops, who are without the means of defending themselves.

On arriving at Policoro, I found an officer of the staff, who was charged with the annexed dispatches for you, by which I learn that some reinforcements are to be sent to us. The messenger not being able to continue his route to you, I have sent him back to Naples, and forwarded the dispatches to you by the only communication which remains open to us, which is the sea.

I expect that when his majesty learns our real situation, he will take measures to relieve us from the embarrassing circumstances in which we are placed.

The relation of all that has occurred to me being too voluminous to be conveyed to you at this moment, I have merely sent it to the staff intending to transmit you a copy at a more favorable opportunity.

Yours wholly

T. A. VERDIER.

PROCLAMATION

Of Sir J. STUART, Knight of the Grand Imperial Order of the Greater Crescent, and Commander in Chief of the troops of His BRITANNIC MAJESTY, landed in Calabria.

"I have been informed, that since the battle of the 4th inst. that some of the persons attached to the French cause, and supported by some detachments of their troops, have been guilty of the most atrocious enormities, in plundering the villages, and assassinating the inhabitants, under the pretext of punishing them for their demonstrations of attachment to their legitimate Sovereign.

"I have also learned, that the enemy, under the same pretext, has subjected the district of Cotrone, to military chastisement; and that at the French headquarters, the same intention has been declared with respect to the whole of the country, which they may have occupied in their flight.

"Wherever the British army has advanced, submission has always been recompensed by protection. I have forbidden any animadversions to be cast upon past opinions. I have prohibited all private animosities, and to encourage the peasants to behave with humanity towards the French soldiers (who since their late defeat have been dispersed into the woods and mountains) I offered a liberal reward for every prisoner who should be brought unhurt to the British camp, and by these means I have preserved the lives of many hundred men.

"In return for this, plunder and devastation have marked the retreat of the enemy; and it was a crime in the peasants to have witnessed the discomfiture and dishonor of his arms.

"On this subject it therefore becomes necessary for to appeal to the recollection of the French commanders, and to state, not only that many of their declared and known partizans are in my power, but that the signal success of the army under my command, has placed in my hands above three thousand prisoners. If, therefore, such violences are not put an end to in future, I shall not only deem myself justified, but even compelled by my duty to have recourse to the severe but indispensable law of Reprisals.

(Signed) "J. STUART.

Head-Quarters at Bagnaro, July 18, 1806."

The Tower and Park guns were fired yesterday for the victory in Calabria.

Several provinces, mainly, have and the Kingdom of Calabria a territory are tion.

CONST
A body of the European on its march janissaries, of Adrianop entrance into After having of the Porte up arms, pl and made ev resistance. dianople to rection. It be taken by plied troop divan.

FRA
There ha name of the elation, considered, extraordinary Marshal thereof had following lettr gistrates of "Gent "Being possible, the the circumsec me of with you, comforts of ed by you ig to your those which mediate co On the a ry general, sion of the ritory, to b Primat (co federation, members d nounced to ing the ne not yet ar d ing; an motives. What h Aschaffend my respect er, dispat command, taining the which you my absence I have it is unjust ment, wh has treated distinguish ought to b ed on you you seem discontent More e a great Frankfor pared for being abo and equal will alite ternal gov My co hitherto late cond The re you, are as they m act which moreover only; I k you have ought not thora, I twenty-f the procl ang."

PHI
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A. VERDIER.
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J. STUART.
are,
ark guns were fired
y in Calabria.

Several proclamations which honor hu
manity, have been issued by gen. Stuart
and the king of Naples.
Calabria and Apulia, in the Neapolitan
territory are in a comple state of insurrec
tion.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.
A body of 26,000 men, disciplined after
the European manner, has been stopped
on its march by the resolution which the
janissaries, in concert with the inhabitants
of Adrianople, have taken to refuse them
entrance into that city. But this is not all.
After having sent away the commissaries
of the Porte, who had come thither to pre
pare quarters, the janissaries have taken
up arms, placed artillery on the ramparts,
and made every disposition for a vigorous
resistance. The whole country, from A
drianople to the Danube, is in open insur
rection. It is not known what steps will
be taken by the commandant of the dis
ciplined troops. He waits the orders of the
divan.

FRANKFORT, August 28.
There has lately appeared here, in the
name of the magistrates of this city, a pro
clamation, of which certain passages are
considered, by intelligent people, as very
extraordinary.

Marshal Augereau, to whom a report
thereof had been made, addressed the fol
lowing letter to the burgo-masters and ma
gistrates of Frankfort:

"Gentlemen,
"Being desirous to alleviate as much as
possible, the burthens imposed on you by
the circumstances of the war, you have
seen me on every occasion contributing
with you, to the public tranquillity, and the
comforts of your fellow citizens. Consulti
ng by you on the general measures interest
ing to your city, I have taken pleasure in
those which were best adapted to your im
mediate convenience.

On the arrival of the French commissary
general, charged to prepare the remis
sion of the city of Frankfort, and its ter
ritory, to his electoral highness the prince
Primal (conformably to the treaty of con
federation of the 12th of July last) several
members composing your government an
nounced to me their intention of proclaim
ing the new order of things; the time was
not yet arrived; I dissuaded them from so
doing; and they appeared to appreciate my
motives.

What has been my surprise, when at
Aachen, where I had gone to pay
my respects to the prince Primal, a courti
er, dispatched from head quarters by the
commandant, brought to me a journal con
taining the translation of a proclamation,
which you had profusely distributed during
my absence!

I have perused it with pain, gentlemen,
it is unjust towards the French govern
ment, which, in the changes of Germany,
has treated you in the most favorable and
distinguished manner; and which you
ought to have duly estimated, and impress
ed on your constituents—on the contrary,
you seem to have wished to excite their
discontents.

More enlightened on their true interests,
a great majority of the inhabitants of
Frankfort applaud the change which is pre
pared for them. The privileged classes
being abolished, they all become citizens,
and equal in the eye of the law, and they
will all participate in the favors of a pa
ternal government.

My connections with you gentlemen,
hitherto has been agreeable; but, by your
late conduct, they must cease to be so.
The reproaches, which I now address to
you, are the more painful to my feelings,
as they must be of equal publicity with your
act which has occasioned them, that act is
moreover the error of certain individuals
only; I know positively that several among
you have had no part in it; and, as they
ought not to be confounded with its au
thors, I summon you to declare, within
twenty-four hours, who are the authors of
the proclamation which is now circulat
ing."

(Signed)
"AUGEREAU,
"Marshal of the empire command
ing the seventh corps of the grand
army.

PHILADELPHIA, October 30.
Arrived ship Belvidere, capt. Michaels,
86 days from Bremen. On the 3th of Oc
tober, in lat. 38 42, long. 58, at 6 o'clock
in the morning, fell in with a wreck which
he boarded, and found her to be a cutter
which had carried away her mast will all
the rigging, and that she was a new vessel,
light and strong, and was loaded with mac
arel, salmon and cod fish, with neither
person or papers on board, whereby they
could discover who she was or her destina
tion.

Captain M. put his mate and four
hands on board; took her in tow, and bro't
her safe into this port. The same day at
four o'clock, he was boarded by a frigate
who said the fleet, seven in number, then
in sight, were British ships, and were from
the capes of Virginia, and captain Mi
chael believes they were bound to Eu
rope.

Same day the ship Young Elias, Morris,
46 days from Amsterdam. Left there 1st
September the ship Paragon, captain My
rick, of and for New York, in three days.
Sailed two days before the Young Elias,
ship Louisiana, captain Morris, of and for
Baltimore. August 25, arrived the brig
Caravan, Gilchrist, of and from Boston.
27th, arrived the ship Pilgrim, of and from
Newburyport; she drove ashore from her
anchors at Hellfordsluce, and got off the
next day without damage. The same day
arrived the ship Diana, of and from Alex
andria; and the ship America, of and
from Boston. August 30th, the ship Ma
ry of New York came in for a pilot, bound
to Antwerp. September 2, spoke the ship
Sally of Baltimore, bound for Antwerp,
from Amsterdam, in the straits of Dover.
September 4, in the straits of Dover, spoke
the ship Pittsburgh, Kelly, of and for Phi
ladelphia, bound to Hamburg, after being
detained in England three weeks. Sept. 6,
spoke the ship New Jersey, off the isle of
Wight, bound to Antwerp, all well, but
had lost his mizen top gallant mast, of &
from Philadelphia. The same day saw the
ship Iris of Baltimore, from Amsterdam
bound to Liverpool. September 11, spoke
the brig Tyger, of and from Boston, 36
days out, captain's name and destination
unknown. September 12, Ushant bearing
SSE, saw seven sail of British ships of the
line, steering NNE.

BALTIMORE, October 29.
The ship Joseph and Phoebe, McCord's,
hence to Bremen, was off Portland 29th Au
gust. The Margaret, Clark, hence at Am
sterdam.

Arrived, the sch'r. Eliza Vickery, Vick
ery, 32 days from Havana. Left the schoo
er Edith and Polly, of Baltimore, in 10 days,
and many northern vessels, names not recol
lected. Sailed in co. with the brig Hope, of
Portland, for Philadelphia. Spoke nothing on
the passage. Reports nothing below.

October 30.
Arrived, sch'r. Superior, Forbes, 37 days
from Marseilles. Left there, schooner Three
Friends, Harvey, for Baltimore, uncertain;
brig Sally, Brown, for Philadelphia in all Oc
tober; Louisa, Clark, do. do. Ship Alfred,
Belt, of Salem, discharging; Washington,
Drew, Boston, in a few days; ship Packet,
Philadelphia, performing quarantine; brig
Harriot, of Beverly, for Alexandria, (Egypt)
Argo, Kempton, of Duxbury, for Sicily in a
few days. 25th, spoke brig Benjamin, from
St. Thomas, for New-York, reported that the
day before he sailed, St. Thomas was half bar
red down, had not time to receive any particu
lars. The U. States schooner Enterprise was
at quarantine repairing. Passed in the Bay,
ship Bacchus, from Hamburg; Carlisle, from
Amsterdam; brig Newton, from Antwerp,
and a number of others bound up.

Also, schooner Wolf, Jones, 13 days from
Charleston. Four days since, off Hatteras,
spoke the British brig Avon, from England,
last from Bermuda, with Mr. Erskine, the
British minister, on board, bound to Annapo
lis. Passed a number of square rigged vessels
in the bay, did not speak them.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

A letter from one of the most respectable
commercial houses in Bordeaux to another
in New York, dated the 12th Sept. has the
following postscript.

"This moment we have news that the
camp which had formed at Paris, for the
celebration of the Grand National Fete, has
received marching orders and is about
breaking up."

The latest information from the westward is
contained in letters from governor Claiborne,
dated the 15th of September. At that time
governor Claiborne was about seventy miles
from Natchitoches, occupied in organizing the
militia, on whose part there appeared to be a
general readiness to turn out, even among the
French inhabitants. No change had taken
place in the situation of the troops on either
side. Governor Errera was still dangerously
ill; his forces had been considerably diminish
ed by disease, and the greater part of their
horses had been sent beyond the Sabine for
rage. Governor Claiborne had held an inter
esting talk with the chief of the Cadeux
tribe of Indians, and had ascertained their dis
position to remain neutral.

National Intelligencer

Last evening arrived at Gloucester Point
the ship Jane, captain Bliss, from Bristol
which he left on the 16th of September,
and brings London papers to the 12th—

they do not mention the death of Mr. Fox
But captain B. says it was reported at Bris
tol the day before he sailed, that he died
on the 12th of September. Nothing fur
ther than we have already reported had
transpired respecting the negotiations at
Paris, though it was generally imagined,
that there was less prospect of a sudden
peace, than some time back. Details in our
next.

Phila True Amer.

A French squadron has unexpectedly ap
peared in the Greenland seas, and destroy
ed a great number of English whale
men.

Ibid.

Extract of a letter from one of the editors,
dated Wilmington (Del.) October 29,
1806.

"It was currently reported in Philadel
phia yesterday morning, that Cesar A.
Rodney, esq. of that city and late of this
borough, had been appointed an associate
justice of the United States, vice William
Patterson, esq. deceased. I gave the report
as I received it without attesting to
vouch for its correctness.

Baltimore Even. Post.

NEW-JERSEY ELECTION.

As far as our information extends, the
following counties have returned full fe
deral representations to the legislature, viz
Bergen, Middlesex, Somerset, Barling
ton, Gloucester, and Cape May. The
representation from Sussex and Cumber
land will be divided. The important change
which has taken place the year past in favor
of Washington policy, in New Jersey, is
highly honorable to the people of the state.
American men and American measures are
evidently coming again into fashion. The
persecuting men who for a time past have
swayed our councils and pulled down the
old faithful friends of the people who stood
the brunt of our revolutionary contest with
Great Britain, for the purpose of putting
into power young men and factious foreign
ers who have lately come among us to dis
turb our peace and eat out our substance,
must now give way to the friends of free
government and liberty of conscience.

In the counties of Bergen and Somerset
there was no democratic opposition to the
federal ticket. In Burlington the federal
majority with very little exertion was in
creased from 2 to 500 votes. In Sussex
the federal candidate for the council was
carried by a majority of between 900 and
a 1000—and the federal sheriff by about
360. All the old members were thrown
out by about 800 votes.

(Trenton Fed.)

From the Boston Repository.

COMMUNICATION.

To men who love France better than their
own country, it seems strange and almost in
credible that any one should imagine there
could be danger in Bonaparte's beating Eng
land, and having it in his power to put his foot
on our necks at his pleasure. A sort of under
lying liberty that is only whipped sometimes,
for fair weather, or stately on Monday morn
ings—a plantation liberty, that consists in the
favor of the overseer, seems to these people,
quite enough to talk and brag of, quite good
enough to defend with "the least possible
force" by sea and land. They can sit down
infamous and contented, and think it gain to
be kicked, if they can get the wages of neu
trality. The day will come, when the sordid
ness of our notions of independence will seem
to our posterity, if they should prove enough
unlike their fathers to keep the country, not
more the subject of their scorn than wonder.
With a million tons of shipping and one hun
dred thousand seamen as brave as those who
fought under Nelson, our commerce is de
fenceless. The row boats of the Mulattoes
from St. Jago de Cuba compose to us a formi
dable navy. And six hundred Spanish tatter
demalons not only defy, but it is probable
could expel the Standing Army of the United
States from the 15 million territory. These
are the glories of Mr. Jefferson's reign—glo
ries that would bring sweat if not blushes, on
his brother Emperor Dessaline's forehead.

EXTRACT.

"There is scarcely a disorder incident
to humanity, against which our adver
tising doctors are not possessed of a most
infallible antidote. The professors of o
ther arts confess the inevitable intricacy of
things; talk with some doubt and decide
with hesitation; but doubting is entirely
unknown in medicine; the advertising
professors delight in cases of difficulty.—
Be the disorder ever so desperate or radi
cal, you will find numbers in every street
who by levelling a pill at the part affected
promise a certain cure, without loss of
time or hindrance of business:

"When I consider the assiduity of this
profession, their benevolence amazes me.
They not only in general give their medi
cines for half value, but use the most per
suasive remonstrances to induce the sick
to come and be cured.

"Surely there must be something
strangely obstinate in a patient, who re
fuses so much health upon such easy
terms! Does he take pride in being bloa
ted with the dropsy? Does he find plea
sure in the alternations of an intermitting
fever? Or feel as much satisfaction in
nursing up his gout, as he found pleasure
in acquiring it? He must; otherwise he
would never reject such repeated assurance
of instant relief. What can be more con
vincing than the manner in which the sick
are invited to be well? The doctor first
begs the most earnest attention of public
to what he is going to propose; he solemnly
affirms the pill was never found to want
success; he produces a list of those who
have been rescued from the grave by taking
it. Yet notwithstanding all this, there
are many who not only then think proper
to be sick. Only sick! Did I say? There
are some who even think proper to die!
Yes, they die, though they might have
purchased the health restoring specific for
a half a dollar at every corner!"

What a pity that the learned, who ought
mutually to assist each other in enlighten
ing the world, should descend to such un
worthy means to aggrandize themselves!

Weekly Inspector.

THE COMMON LOT.

ONCE in the flight of ages past,
There liv'd a man—what was he?
Mortal! now'er thy lot is cast,
That man resembles thee.

Unknown the region of his birth,
The land in which he died unknown;
His name hath perish'd from the earth,
This truth survives alone:

That joy, and grief, and hope, and fear,
Alternate triumph'd in his breast;
His bliss and woe—a smile, a tear;
Obli-vion hides the rest.

The bounding pulse, the languid limb,
The changing spirits rise and fall,
We know that these are felt by him,
For these are felt by all.

He suffer'd—but his pangs are o'er;
Enjoy'd—but his delights are fled;
Had friends—his friends are now no more;
And foes—his foes are dead.

He lov'd—but whom he lov'd the grave
Hath lost in its unconscious womb;
O! she was fair, but nought wou'd save
Her beauty from the tomb.

We are requested to mention,
that the Fairfax Court-House Races,
advertised for the 6th of November,
are postponed to a future day, of which
timely notice will be given.
October 31.

Charles Bennett.

Has imported in the ship Wm. and John captain
Woodhouse, from Liverpool, and John and
Aver from London, via Norfolk.

FALL GOODS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A PART.

Kendal Cottons, Kerseys, Halsticks,
Plaids, Jerseys,
Cloths, Coating and Frizes,
Superfine Bombazeens, Bombazetts, and
Wildbores,
Satinetts, Bennetts Cord, & Kerseymere,
An elegant assortment of Waistcoating,
Superfine Cloths and Kerseymeres,
Manchester,
Kendal knit Lambs' Wool Hose,
Silk, Cotton, and Worsted Hosiery,
Silk Velvets, Moleskins, &c.
Fashionable London Hats,
Coarse Hats,
English Ingrain Kidderminster Carpets
And Carpeting,
Venetian Carpeting,
Sewing Silk and Twist first quality,
Silk and Leather Gloves,
Silk Cords, &c.
British Battle, and F. F. Gunpowder, &c.
Oct. 30. Iwd3taw2w.

SURPRISED to see a resolution of the
Trustees of the Alexandria Academy
published in the Alexandria Advertiser of yes
ternay, I therefore request the opinion of the
public may be suspended, until I have an op
portunity to publish a fair statement of the ori
gin of this business.

William Reily.

October 30.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per Sloof Harmony, Captain Ellwood, from
Philadelphia.

20 quarter-casks Particular Tene
rifle WINE, of a very superior quality, im
ported into Philadelphia, in May 1804.

Phineas Janney.

10th Month, 24th.

d3t, 8045

FAMILY MEDICINES.

The following Valuable Medicines, just celebrated through the United States for their superior efficacy in the cure of the several disorders for which they are recommended, from LEE & CO'S Patent Family Medicine Store, New-York, are sold only by the subscriber, at his store in King-street:

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy and permanent cure of nervous disorders or such as arise from the immoderate use of tea, strong liquors, long residence in warm climates, excessive weakness, and a general relaxation of the system.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for the gout, rheumatism, sprains, pains in the face and neck, &c.

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

By which many thousands have been relieved from the distressing and dangerous malady of worms and other obstructions in the stomach and bowels.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats and approaching consumptions.

Hahn's Anti-bilious Pills.

Are justly esteemed for carrying off the superfluous bile from the stomach and preventing morbid secretions and their consequences, bilious and malignant fevers, &c. These pills are perfectly mild in their operation, and may be used with safety by persons of every age and in every situation.

The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

A speedy and effectual remedy, generally removing the complaint at one application. It may be safely used by persons of every age.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

An excellent remedy for all disorders of the eyes, many persons having been cured of it when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Give immediate relief in the most violent attacks.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

Cleanses and strengthens them, and preserves the enamel of the teeth from decay.

Gowland's Lotion, and the genuine Persian Lotion.

Both celebrated in the fashionable world as most excellent cosmetics and perfectly safe.

Hahn's true and genuine Corn-Plaster.

A certain remedy for corns, speedily eradicating them without giving pain.

Ague and Fever Drops.

Justly esteemed for their great efficacy in the cure of agues and intermittent fevers.

Damask Lip Salve, and Indian Vegetable Specific.

ALSO,

The following new and valuable Medicine, just received and for sale as above.

(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)

Dr. Tiffot's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops.

A number of certificates and cases of cures, performed by the above medicines, may be seen by applying to

James Kennedy, sen.

October 18.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The subscriber returns his grateful thanks to his friends and patrons, for their past favors and liberality towards him; and begs leave respectfully to inform them, and the inhabitants of Alexandria generally, that he will commence his NIGHT SCHOOL on Monday the 22d instant, at his Academy in Prince-street.

Young gentlemen, desirous of becoming acquainted with the arts of Surveying, Navigation, use of the Globes, or any of the different branches of the Mathematics, will meet with due attention from

William Slade.

September 20

James R. Riddle

Has just received and offers for Sale, at very reduced prices,

FRESH GOODS,

Suitable to the present and approaching season.

ALL SO,

- 2 trunks handsome British printed cottons,
- 1 do, American,
- 1 do. 4-4 and 5-4 cambric muslins,
- 3 cases Irish linens,
- 6 bales India piece goods—consisting of Company gurrachs, Currah lawns, Gazepore do.
- Cogmana cassacs, Batina,
- Checks, and Gillea handkerchiefs—

Which will be sold low by the piece to those who purchase to sell again.

October 23.

JOSEPH SMITH,

Has just received and offers for Sale, an assortment of

GERMAN LINENS,

Brown and white Ticklenburgs

Burlaps, Halblockings,

Hessians, brown Rolls

White Rolls

Dowls,

Plaidas

Russia Sheetings

7 bales of Muslins

2 boxes of low priced Irish Linens

Continental and West-India Rum

5 hhds. best retailing Molasses

20 hhds. of Muscovado Sugar

4000 bushels Ground Allum Salt

600 Lisbon, (fine) in sacks, &c.

October 24.

Mr. JOHN B. MOREIN,

FROM PARIS,

Inform the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of this town and its vicinity,

THAT he teaches Fencing with the Small and Broad Sword; also, Dancing German Waltzes, Minuets, French Cotillions, &c. of the newest fashion—and offers his service to give Private Lessons at their respective places of abode, both for Fencing and Dancing.—Any Lady or Gentleman who may wish to obtain the art of either of the above branches, will please call at his lodgings, at Mr. John Sellers's, in Prince-street, near Water-street.

October 17.

FOR SALE,

- Pork in barrels
- New York prime and cargo beef
- Hyson skin and } TEA
- Souchong
- Russia Duck, and
- A few kegs Essence of Spruce, by

Daniel Murgatroyd.

May 6.

TO RENT,

A TWO STORY FRAMED DWELLING HOUSE, situate on Cameron-street, near the corner, together with a Frame Building on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets, now occupied as a coach-makers' shop, but would make a good stable, and a vacant lot.—For terms apply to

James H. Hooe, Adm'r.

B. DANDEGER, deceased.

September 18.

FOR RENT,

The STORE, on Prince-street, between Fairfax and Prince-street, lately in the occupation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated for a dry or wet goods store. The rent moderate. Apply to

William Hodgson.

Sept. 25.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, on Sunday night last, a negro man, named STEPHEN, who calls himself Stephen Thelton; about 35 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 inches high, strong made, broad face, high cheeks and coarse bony features—he was formerly used to work in a vessel as a cook, which he understands tolerable well, also washing and house work, which he has been accustomed to occasionally. Took with him a half worn brown broad cloth coat, a dark striped mole-skin jacket, a pair corduroy pantaloons nearly white, and a pair nankeen ditto, some white linen shirts, and an ozaburg shirt and pair of trousers, also a black fur hat, and is supposed to have other cloths not particularly known. He is a remarkable artful fellow and will likely change his name and cloths, and also may have got a pass.—Masters of vessels and all other persons are warned not to harbor or employ said fellow in any manner whatever.

Whoever apprehends said fellow and secures him in any goal within the state of Maryland or District of Columbia, so that I get him again, shall receive a reward of Twenty Dollars, if within 25 miles from home, I above that distance and within the state aforesaid, Twenty five Dollars, and if out of the state or District aforesaid, or within the city of Baltimore, the above reward and all reasonable charges if brought home.

Thomas P. Wilson.

Montgomery Court-House, Md.

Issued, 6th August, 1806.

VILLAINY!

ON the 18th (be it well remembered) of Junelast, Ben Dulany's house, in Charles county, was burnt down after his box of money, title papers and books were stolen out of the house, the thief or thieves knowing that I was in Marlborough and could not be back, they took advantage of my absence to perpetrate their horrid and infamous robbery. I will give ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD to any honest man, that will give me information of this diabolical act, that I may bring to condign punishment the villain or villains concerned in this plot.

Benjamin Dulany.

Alexandria, Oct. 8.

Runaway Negro.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, early in July, a negro man named GREENE. He is about 36 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches or 6 feet high, of a tawny complexion, has a scar on one of his jaws or side of his face forming a half circle; I think it is on the right, but am not positive. He is a slim made fellow, with a bushy head, and when spoken to has a scary and down look. When he went away he had a green round coat, buff colored breeches, with homespun clothing, and has never been accustomed to any work but in the crop or field. I have understood he has crossed the Potomac about Britain's Bay, over into Maryland. I expect he has procured a pass and will endeavor to appear as a freeman.

All masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harboring or carrying him away under the penalty of the law.

I will give Twenty Dollars reward if taken in Maryland, or Fifteen if taken in the Northern Neck, so that I get him again.

George Christopher.

Westmoreland County, Vir.

14th September.

TO BE SOLD,

For ready Money.

To the highest bidder, at Public Auction, in the town of Leesburg, in the county of Loudoun, on the 22d of December next, by virtue of a decree of the court of the United States, for the fifth circuit, in the Virginia district, pronounced at May term last, in a suit depending in said court between the executors of Daniel Milledred, deceased, who was surviving partner of Mildred and Roberts, plaintiffs, and Samuel Hough and others defendants—

300 acres of Land, near Leesburg, on the waters of Tuscarora, in the county of Loudoun—three acres of Meadow near Leesburg, and a House and Lot in Leesburg, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise certain sums of money, interest and costs in said decree mentioned.

William Mann,

Armistead Long,

Charles F. Mercer,

Richmond, 17th Oct.—(22.)

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber has removed his Store to King-street, opposite the Washington Tavern.

Where he has for Sale,

- Burlaps, ozaburgs and ticklenburgs,
- Hessians and brown rolls,
- White and brown platillas,
- Round & white yarn dowlas,
- Bocadillas and quadruple Sillesias,
- German shirting and sheeting linens,
- Superfine and second cloths, Cassimeres and Manchester,
- Fine and coarse coatings and flannels,
- Plains, kerseys, and Kendal cottons
- Rose and striped blankets,
- Worsted and mild hose,
- Cotton and silk ditto
- Plain and furniture dimities
- Chintzes and calicoes,
- Silk & cotton cambrics and undressed ginghams,
- Cambric muslins and cambric dimities,
- A variety of plain and fancy muslins
- Flanders laces and edgings
- An elegant assortment of ribbands
- Satins, lutestrings, pelongs and sarsnets
- Silk, picnic and lace gloves, mitts & sleeves
- Silk velvets and silk shawls
- Split straw and Leghorn bonnets
- and Irish linens
- Shirting and apron checks
- White and colored threads
- Durants, wildboars and bombazetts
- Russia sheetings and ravens ducks
- Gurrachs, batias, copas and mamoodies
- Gilly's and common check handkerchiefs
- Fresh imperial tea in small chests
- Scotch and rappee snuff in kegs and boxes
- M. F. FF, and eagle Brandywine gunpowder, in kegs

And a variety of other articles all of which will be sold on the most moderate terms, to their wholesale or retail.

A. C. CAZENOVE.

October 11.

A few copies of the AMERICAN GARDENER, for sale by Robert Gray, at his Stationary Store, King-street.

For Freight, [Coastwise]

The fine, staunch Schooner Active, George Brown, Master; Burden 93 tons or about 150 barrels, in complete order for the reception of a cargo. Please apply to the Captain on board or to

John G. Ladd.

October 27.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA, &c.

July Term, 1806.

William G. Garland, Complainant,

vs.

Thomas White, Josiah Faxon, Dwight Metcalf, & Joseph Baxter, jun. trading under the firm of Faxon, Metcalf and Co. D/s.

THE defendant Thomas White, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Thomas White, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Thomas White, do appear here on the first day of November term next and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendants Faxon, Metcalf and Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Thomas White, until the further order or decree of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A copy.—Teste.

G. Deneale, c. c.

September 13.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA, &c.

July Term, 1806.

Thomas Tunno, Robinson and Harshorn, and William Taylor, complainants,

vs.

Robert T. Hooe, James H. Hooe, and John Blunckester, trading under the firm of R.T. Hooe, & Co. and John and Bennett Forbes, Alexander Henderson, jun. and John M'Iver, defendants.

THE defendants Alexander Henderson jun. and John and Bennett Forbes, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendants Alexander Henderson, junior and John and Bennett Forbes, are not inhabitants of this district, on motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November term next and answer the bill of the complainants; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in Alexandria for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A copy. Teste.

G. Deneale, cc.

September 25.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA, &c.

July term, 1806.

WILLIAM COLSTON, Complainant,

vs.

AUGUSTINE GEORGE, MARTIN GEORGE, and JESSE HAMMOND, Defendants.

THE defendants Augustine George, and Martin George, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendants Augustine George, and Martin George, are not inhabitants of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Augustine George, and Martin George, do appear here on the first day of November term next, and enter their appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant Jesse Hammond, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by him owing to or the estate and effects in his hands, belonging to the said absent defendants Augustine George, and Martin George, until the further order or decree of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.

A copy.—Test.

G. Deneale, c. c.

September 4.

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